

Key Vocabulary

Map: a diagram of an area or land, as seen from above.

Key: a list of symbols used on a map and their meanings.

Region: an area or part of a country or the world having definable characteristics but not always fixed boundaries.

Location: a particular place or position.

Urban: a built up area of either a town or city.

Rural: an area of countryside or farmland.

Human features: Things that have been made by people to change the environment e.g. houses, roads, playgrounds.

Physical features: Natural features of the environment e.g. rivers, hills, forests.

Land use: When an area is used for a specific purpose.

Recreational: Land is used for purposes of recreations to relax and play e.g. sports fields, gymnasiums, playgrounds, public beaches, camping sites.

Residential: Land is used for the purpose of housing.

Commercial: Land used for shops, businesses, factories and warehouses.

Direction: a course along which someone or something moves or points.

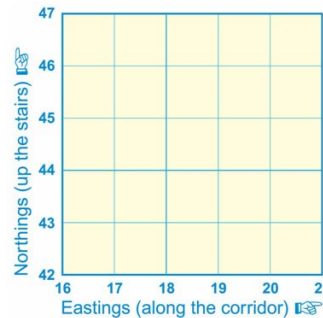
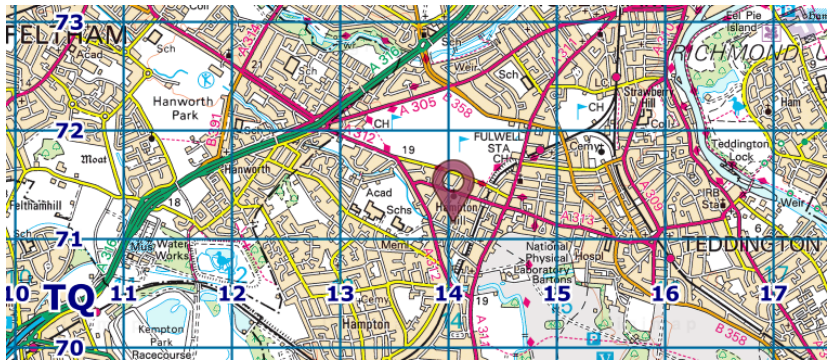
Public Services: health care, transport, or the removal of waste organised by the government to benefit members of the community.

Landmark: A object or place which is easily seen and recognised, helping people identify where they are.

Transport: how people or goods move from one place to another.

Distance: the length of the space between two points or more.

Geography — Year 3 — My Local Area



Above: OS map of our local area with 4 figure grid references.

Left: how to read 4 figure grid reference.

Sticky Knowledge

- **Locate** Hampton Hill using a map.
- Identify and describe the **human and physical features** of the local area.
- Consider the human and physical **impact on the local environment**.
- Understand geographical **similarities and differences** through the study human and physical geography of Hampton Hill by comparing it to Chembokolli, India (Y2).

Prior Learning (Y2)

- Identify, describe and compare the human and physical features of the four countries and capital cities of the UK and its surrounding seas.
- Use geographical vocabulary to compare the physical and human geography of London and a small area of a non-European country (Chembakolli).

Future Learning (Y4)

- Describe and understand key aspects of **physical geography**, including: hills, mountains, rivers and coasts, and the water cycle.
- Describe and understand key aspects of **human geography**, including: types of settlement and land use, economic activity including tourism, and the distribution of natural resources including food, minerals and water.
- Understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of Cornwall by comparing it to Hampton Hill.